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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/058,920	01/30/2002	Tadashi Ookawa	396.41133X00	4634
20457 75	590 02/25/2004		EXAM	INER
ANTONELLI, TERRY, STOUT & KRAUS, LLP			MAIER, LEIGH C	
1300 NORTH SEVENTEENTH STREET SUITE 1800		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
ARLINGTON, VA 22209-9889			1623	
			DATE MAILED: 02/25/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

24 -	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/058,920	OOKAWA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Leigh C. Maier	1623			
The MAILING DATE of this communication a	1 =	ith the correspondence address			
Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REI THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIOI - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thin od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tute, cause the application to become A.	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on No.	overmber 17, 2003.				
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ T	his action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex parte Quayl</i> e, 1935 C.E	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims		•			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>11,12,15,16 and 19</u> is/are pending	in the application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6) Claim(s) 11,12,15,16 and 19 is/are rejected	•				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		·			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	d/or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a		by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to t					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr	- · ·				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	ian priority under 35 U.S.C.3	\$ 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	g.i priority undo: 00 0.0.0.	3 (4)			
1. Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority docume		Application No			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the p	riority documents have beer	received in this National Stage			
application from the International Bur	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	·			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a l	ist of the certified copies not	received.			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)			
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/ Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:				

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DETAILED ACTION

Status of the Claims

Claims 1-10, 13, 14, 17, and 18 have been cancelled. Claims 11, 15, 16, and 19 have been amended. Claims 11, 12, 15, 16, and 19 are pending. Any rejection or objection not expressly repeated has been withdrawn. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112 – 1st paragraph

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor, at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The amended claim recites a degree of acetylation range of 0.3 to 0.8. The specification discusses acetylation at page 13, second full paragraph, and appears to support two ranges: (1) 0.3 or higher, which is equal to 0.3 to 1.0; and (2) 0.4 to 0.8. the examiner does not find support in the specification for the added range of 0.3 to 0.8.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112 - 2nd paragraph

Claims 11, 12, 15, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 11 recites "controlling an acetylation degree of an amino group of a polyglycosamine to 0.3 to 0.8 to enhance a [sic] water solubility thereof." One of the polysacchararide species recited in claim 15 is polygalactosamine. Polygalactosamine is a natural product that is found in nature as a free amine. From claim 11, it appears that some acetylation is required. However acetylating the unacetylated polygalactosamine would not *enhance* water solubility. These conflicting limitations render the claims vague and indefinite.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by HORTON et al (Carbohyd. Res., 1973).

The reference discloses chitosan derivatives (which, by definition, are also chitin derivatives) wherein more than 40% of the primary alcohol groups are oxidized into carboxyl groups. The chitosan derivatives have a molecular weight of about 400 kD to about 580 kD. See page 175, the reaction scheme and the first full paragraph. The claim is thus anticipated.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Claims 11, 12, 15, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over CHANG et al (J. Carbohyd. Chem., 1996) and BRAGD et al (US 6,608,229).

The claims have been amended to recite a process for oxidizing a polyglycosamine comprising controlling the degree of acetylation followed by oxidation with a hypochlorous acid/salt in the presence of a nitroxyl compound in the absence of bromine/bromide or iodine/iodide. Claim 19 is drawn to a particular oxidized polyglycosamine product.

Applicant's arguments with respect to the claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground of rejection.

CHANG teaches the selective oxidation of the primary alcolhol moiety of several polysaccharides, including chitin and chitosan, using TEMPO, NaBr, and NaOCL at pH of 10.8. See Table 1 and page 828. It is also noted that the reference teaches the oxidation of both of these products and notes that chitin is insoluble whereas the deacetylated derivative, chitosan, is soluble. The oxidized products have utility as gums, gels, and films. See abstract. The reference does not teach the oxidation in the absence of bromine/bromide or iodine/iodide.

BRAGD teaches the oxidation of polysaccharides with TEMPO and hypochlorite at pH 8.5 in the absence of bromine/bromide or iodine/iodide. This process has the advantage of lower pH than without bromide with no substantial depolymerization at optimum pH. See col 1, lines 36-58 and the example. The reference specifically suggests the use of chitins as the polysaccharide substrate.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to prepare oxidized chitosan using the process disclosed by BRAGD for the

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art disclosed utility in preparing gums, films, and gels. The artisan would be motivated to employ this process because it allows for better control over the final molecular weight as BRAGD teaches that this process proceeds without depolymerization. One of ordinary skill would recognize that chitosan is deacetylated chitin. In the absence of a showing of criticality in the recited deacetylation range, it would be within the scope of the artisan to use routine experimentation to optimize the degree of acetylation to achieve solubility in order to achieve a homogeneous reaction solution.

Examiner's hours, phone & fax numbers

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Leigh Maier whose telephone number is (571) 272-0656. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday, Wednesday, and Friday 7:00 to 3:30 (ET).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. James O. Wilson (571) 272-0661, may be contacted. The fax number for Group 1600, Art Unit 1623 is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Technology Center 1600 receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1235.

Leigh C. Maier Patent Examiner

February 20, 2003